

STORNOPHONE 900
M9660
ADJUSTMENT PROCEDURE

Storno

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PROVISIONAL

ADJUSTMENT PROCEDURE

M9660

GENERAL

Test Setup, RX - TX
Measuring instruments
Tools
Cable connectors, misc.
Voltage reg. adjustment

Measuring instruments

RF signal generator 10-512 MHz
Multimeter $R_i = 20 \text{ Kohm/V}$
AC Voltmeter $Z_i = >20 \text{ Kohm}$
Distortion meter
DC Ampere meter 0-0.1/2/10 A
DC Power Supply 10-20 V/10 A

1. Receiver adj. components

- 1.1 RC injection signal PLL, Crystal osc.?
- 1.2 Receiver frequency setting
- 1.3 RC front-end
- 1.4 Audio Level/power output
- 1.5 Receiver sensitivity
- 1.6 Squelch setting
- 1.7 RX current consumption

Current limiter
adj. 0.1-10A
AF signal generator 0-5 kHz
RF Power meter 0-40 W
Deviation meter 406-512 MHz
Frequency counter 10-512 MHz

Central Metering Test box
Control Head

2. Transmitter adjustments

- 2.1 Exciter adjustments
- 2.2 TX frequency setting
- 2.3 TX power
- 2.4 Modulation, AF sensitivity
- 2.5 TX current consumption

Tools
Alignment tool Code No. B800775
- B800770
- B800773

AF Dummy Load 8 ohm/5 W

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

This procedure covers a UHF radio (403-512 MHz) in the dual PLL simplex and duplex versions.

For testing the equipment it is necessary to use the correct control head and accessories. Which control head to be used in depending of the software package.

It is convenient to use a voltmeter

$Z_i \geq 20 \text{ Kohm/V}$ which is connected to the central metering (CM) connectors for testing.

CENTRAL METERING CONNECTORS (CM)

<u>PA</u>	<u>Connect meter to</u>
	- +
1. A-	
2. A+	1 - 2
3.	
4. FINAL CURRENT	4 - 2
5. DRIVE CURRENT	5 - 2
6.	
7.	
8. POWER CONTROL	1 - 8
9. FORWARD POWER	1 - 9
10. INPUT DRIVE	1 - 10

RADIO TYPE	CHANNEL GENERATOR	SIDE STEP	DUPLEX SPACING MHz	RECEIVER FRONT END TYPE	RECEIVER BANDWIDTH MHz	TRANSMITTER BANDWIDTH MHz
M9660						
SIMPLEX DUAL PLL	SYNTHESIZER → CRYSTAL OSCILLATORS			LOW I.M.	1.8	3.15
				HI. SENSITIVITY	2.5	
	CRYSTAL OSCILLATORS			LOW I.M.	1.8	10.0
				HI. SENSITIVITY	2.5	
SIMPLEX WI-DE SPACE RX	SYNTHESIZER	MAX. 20 MHz		VARACTOR TUNED	2.5	3.15
	CRYSTAL OSCILLATORS					10.0
SIMPLEX WI-DE SPACE TX	SYNTHESIZER	403-470 MHz: 47 MHz		LOW I.M.	1.8	3.15
	CRYSTAL OSCILLATORS	450-512 MHz: 62 MHz				
SIMPLEX NARROWBAND				LOW I.M.	1.8	5.0
				HI. SENSITIVITY	2.5	
DUPLEX	SYNTHESIZER OR CRYSTAL OSCILLATOR		4.5	LOW I.M.	0.8	0.8
			6.0		1.3	
			8.0		1.3	
			10-15		1.8	

FIG. 1. SYSTEM BANDWIDTH TABLE

<u>TX</u>	<u>Connect meter to</u>
	- +
1. A-	
2. A-	
3. FS VCO TUNE	1 - 3
4. FS OSCILLATOR	1 - 4
5. TX LEVEL	1 - 5
6. TX PLL TUNE	1 - 6
7. TX STATUS	1 - 7
8. TX FILTER	1 - 8
9. TX TRIPLER	1 - 9
10. OSCILLATOR	1 - 10

<u>RX</u>	<u>Connect meter to</u>
	- +
1. A-	
2. A-	
3. DISCR	1 - 3
4. IF AMPL.	1 - 4
5. RX MIXER	1 - 5
6. RX PLL TUNE	1 - 6
7. RX LOCK DETECT.	1 - 7
8. RX FILTER	1 - 8
9. RX TRIPLER	1 - 9
10. OSCILLATOR	1 - 10

<u>SYSTEM</u>	<u>Connect meter to</u>
	- +
1. A-	
2. A+	1 - 2
3. +9 V	1 - 3
4. +5 V	1 - 4
5. MIC. HI.	(1 - 5) ⁺
6. LS HI.	6 - 7
7. LS LO	
8. TX KEY	(1 - 8) ⁺
9. CG DISABLE	(1 - 9) ⁺
10. HL41	

⁺) Connections used

<u>Multiconnector</u>	
1. Spare 2 (H22)	21 Spare 8 (H53)
2. Spare 3 (H23)	22
3. Spare 1 (H24)	23
4. Spare 5 (H26)	24
5. N.C.	25
6. LS High	26
7. Serial Data Up	27
8. Spare Audio	28
9. MC High	29
10. LS Low	30
11. Serial Data Down	31
12. CG DISABLE	32
13. MC Low	33
14. Logic GDN	34
15. A-	35
16. ON/OFF	36
17. A+	37 A+ (Battery)
18. A-	38 A- (Battery)
19. A+	39 A+ (Battery)
20. Spare 7 (H27)	40 A- (Battery)

Check of the polarity- and overvoltage protection

Set the power supply to $V_{Batt} = 13.6 \text{ V}$
Set the current limiter on the power supply to 0.1 A and connect the power supply with reverse polarity to the equipment. With a DVM across the power leads it should show <1.5 V. Then connect the power supply with the normal polarity and set the current limiter to 3 A.

Check of internal voltages

Put the test set system jack in the system plug. Connect the voltmeter to 1 and 4 where the +5 V is measured. The meter should show 5.0 V.

Connect the voltmeter to 1 and 3 where the +9 V is measured. The meter should show 9.0 V.

N.B. This measurement is not accurate enough for adjusting the voltages with in the 0.5% tolerance. To doing that, it is necessary to use a digital voltmeter.

1. Alignment and control of the receiver

1.1 Alignment of the receiver injection

Put the RX/TX jack in the RX plug and connect the voltmeter to 1 and 10.

- a) Tune L_3 and L_{12} in the PL961/964 for maximum meter reading (1.5 V).
- b) Connect the voltmeter to 1 and 9. Tune L_{13} and then L_{12} to maximum meter reading. Retune L_3 , L_{12} , L_{13} for maximum. The voltage shall be approx. 0.9 V. (0.7 - 1V)
- c) Connect the voltmeter to 1 and 8. Detune L_{14} and L_{15} . Now tune L_{14} for maximum meter reading, and after this, tune L_{15} to minimum (0.9 V).
Caution: The maximum and minimum shall be well defined and easy to find. Do not retune L_{14} .
- d) Connect the voltmeter to 1 and 7 and tune C1 slowly until the meter reading goes high (0.85 V).
- e) Select a center channel on the control head. Connect the voltmeter to 1 and 6. Fine tune C1 for 0.6 V reading.
- f) Connect the voltmeter to 1 and 5. Tune L_2 , L_3 and C1 in RC96X for maximum reading, approx. 0.5 V.
The setting of C1 is critical and the adjustment is performed by turning C1 to maximum reading and then a little back.

1.2 Adjusting the injection frequency

For adjusting the injection frequency to the correct frequency the first point is to check the synthesizer frequency. Connect a counter to the output of the FS (J_1/P_2) (See fig. 2), output level 0 dBm. The output frequency should be from 13 - 15 MHz as follows:

- 1) at 12.5 kHz or 25 kHz channel spacing: a multiple of 12.5 kHz i. e. xx.xxx000 MHz or xx.xxx500 MHz.
- 2) at 20 kHz channel spacing: a multiple of 20 kHz.
- 3) at 30 kHz channel spacing: a multiple of 30 kHz.

If the frequency is not correct adjust the coil (FREQ. L1 in XO9012) in the FS reference oscillator.

Then connect the counter to the output of PL961/964 (J_2/P_1) and connect the FS to the PL. The correct frequency of the PL is: $F_{ant} - 21.4$ MHz. The frequency is adjustable with L_2 (FREQ.) in PL961/964, see fig. 2. Select a channel frequency which corresponds to the specified antenna frequency.

1.3 Alignment of the receiver front end

This adjustment is only necessary if the helix filter is out of adjustment or needs readjustment.

Connect the voltmeter to 1 and 4. (limiter in IF amplifier).

Set the signal generator to f_{ant} and a level of 100 dB/1 μ V, or 100 mV on signal frequency.

For easier adjustment it will be useful to pre-adjust TS1-TS5 (refer to fig. 3)

To avoid limiting in the IF amplifier decrease the level from the signal generator to level below the limiting point as the sensitivity increases and before finetuning.

a) Front end RC 961/965

- 1) Adjust the tuning slugs TS1-4, C_1 and L_4 to maximum voltmeter reading (IF amplifier). Adjust TS 5 to the same height as the other TS.
- 2) Detune TS2 and TS4 about 4 turns (~3 mm).
- 3) Adjust TS1-3-5 and C_1 for maxi-

mum voltmeter reading (IF amplifier).

- 4) Adjust TS2-4 for maximum voltmeter reading.
 - 5) Repeat pt. 4.
 - 6) Fine adjust TS1-2-3-4-5, C_1 and L_4 for maximum voltmeter reading.
 - 7) CHECK the voltmeter reading for giving approximately 0.65 V with an input voltage of 10 μ V (EMF).
- b) Front end RC962/966
- 1) Adjust TS1 - 5, C_1 and L_4 for maximum voltmeter reading.
 - 2) CHECK the voltmeter reading for giving 0.65 V with an input voltage of approx. 3 μ V (EMF).

1.4 Duplex

1.5 Alignment of the audio signal

Connect an 8-ohm/^{5W} W load between LS HI - LS LO (1 - 6). *(Speaker to amplifier)*
 Connect an AF voltmeter across the load.
 Set the RF level from the signal generator to 1 mV EMF on the signal frequency.
 The squelch control on the control head shall be unactivated and a possible subaudiosignal shall be unmuted. Activate the LS function.

The signal from the signal generator shall be modulated with 1 kHz and the deviation is set to:

- 3.0 kHz for 25 kHz channel spacing
- 1.5 kHz for 12.5 kHz channel spacing
- 2.5 kHz for 20 kHz channel spacing

On the controlbox the volume is set to level 7. With the potmeter R_{Vol} (see fig. 1) the output level is adjusted to 5 W in a load of 8 ohm (6.3 V RMS).

1.6 Checking the receiver sensitivity

The audio level is set to level 6:

Secure discriminator "0"=

value with signal ~ 0.5 V (pin 1 - 3)

Possible sinad test. AF ~ 80 mV

- a) On center channel:

With RC961/965:

CEPT SPECIFICATION

20 dB psoph. sinad

for $V_{input} = 0.70$ μ V EMF

EIA SPECIFICATION

12 dB sinad

for $V_{input} = 0.35$ μ V 1/2 EMF

With RC961/965 +duplexer:

CEPT SPECIFICATION

20 dB psoph. sinad

for $V_{input} = 0.90$ μ V EMF

EIA SPECIFICATION

12 dB sinad

for $V_{input} = 0.45$ μ V 1/2 EMF

With RC962/966:

CEPT SPECIFICATION

20 dB psoph. sinad

for $V_{input} = 0.40$ μ V EMF

EIA SPECIFICATION

12 dB sinad

for $V_{input} = 0.20$ μ V 1/2 EMF

With RC962/966 the sensitivity can be optimised by finetuning TS2 for maximum sinad.

- b) On lowest and highest channel:
 Compared with the measurement on center channel the degradation shall be below 1 dB.

1.6 Adjustment of the squelch

- a) Equipment with fix squelch.
The squelch control on the control head shall be activated. (See fig. 1). With R_{sq} the squelch shall be adjusted to open for the RF signal which gives a SINAD ratio between 8 - 12 dB (EIA) at the audio output.
When the RF signal is removed, the squelch shall be closed i. e. no AF output.

1.7 Check of the current consumption for the receiver

$V_{volt} = 13.6 \text{ V}$
Condition: off: <75 mA
stand by: <1 A
audio 5 W output: <2.4 A

2. Alignment and check of the transmitter

Select a center channel.
Set the power supply to $W_{Batt} = 13.6 \text{ V}$.
Set the current limiter of the power supply to 10 A. Connect the powermeter and a dummy load to the coax-connector on the front of the equipment. Key the transmitter.

2.1 Alignment of the exciter

Put the RX/TX jack in the TX central metering.

- Connect the voltmeter to 1 and 10. Tune L_3 and L_{16} in PL962 for maximum meter reading (0.85 V). (See fig. 2)
- Connect the voltmeter to 1 and 9. Tune L_3 , L_{15} and L_{16} for maximum meter reading 0.7-1.0 V.
- Connect the voltmeter to 1 and 8. Detune L_{11} and L_{12} . Then tune L_{12} to max. and after this, tune L_{11} to minimum (2.8 V).

Caution: The maximum and minimum shall be well-defined and easy to find.
Do not retune L_{12} .

- Connect the voltmeter to 1 and 7. Tune C_2 slowly until the CM output goes high, approx. 0.7 V.
- Connect the voltmeter to 1 and 6. Fine tune C_2 to 0.8 V on the voltmeter. The setting of C_2 is critical and the adjustment is performed by turning C_2 to maximum reading and then a little back. (flat part of curve).
Check the output level from the TX PLL. The voltage should be approx. 0.4 V.

2.2 Adjusting the transmitter frequency

For synthesizer adjustment refer to 1.2.
Connect the frequency counter through an attenuator to the output of PL962 (J_1/P_1) (output level 0.5 W).

The frequency is adjustable with L_2 in PL962 see fig. 2. The transmitter signal shall be unmodulated.

2.3 Adjusting of the transmitter output

With R_{PA} in the stage (see fig. 2) the power level is adjusted to the specified level.

2.4 Adjusting the transmitter modulation

Connect the deviation-meter through the attenuator to the ant. connector on the front of the equipment, and the AF signal generator to the modulation input 1 - 5 (MIC. HI.).

- Adjusting Δf max.
Set the level from the AF signal generator to 1.0 V. Measure the deviation on the deviation meter. The AF frequency is changed between 300 and 3000 Hz to find the frequency where the deviation reaches the highest value. At this

frequency the deviation is adjusted with R_2 in PL962/965 (see fig. 2) to the specified level.

Channel spacing 25 kHz	$f_{\max} \pm 4.5 \text{ kHz}$
Channel spacing 20 kHz	$f_{\max} \pm 3.6 \text{ kHz}$
Channel spacing 12.5 kHz	$f_{\max} \pm 2.3 \text{ kHz}$

- b) Checking the audio sensitivity.
The AF frequency is set to 1000 Hz and the level from the AF generator is changed to the level where the deviation is:

Channel spacing 25 kHz	$\Delta f_{\max} = 3.0 \text{ kHz}$
Channel spacing 20 kHz	$\Delta f_{\max} = 2.4 \text{ kHz}$
Channel spacing 12.5 kHz	$\Delta f_{\max} = 1.5 \text{ kHz}$

The level from the AF generator should be 100 mV ± 3 dB.

2.5 Checking of the current consumption for the transmitter

RF output	10 W (simplex)	: <4.5 A
RF output	25 W (simplex)	: <7.5 A
RF output	25 W (simplex)	: <11.5 A

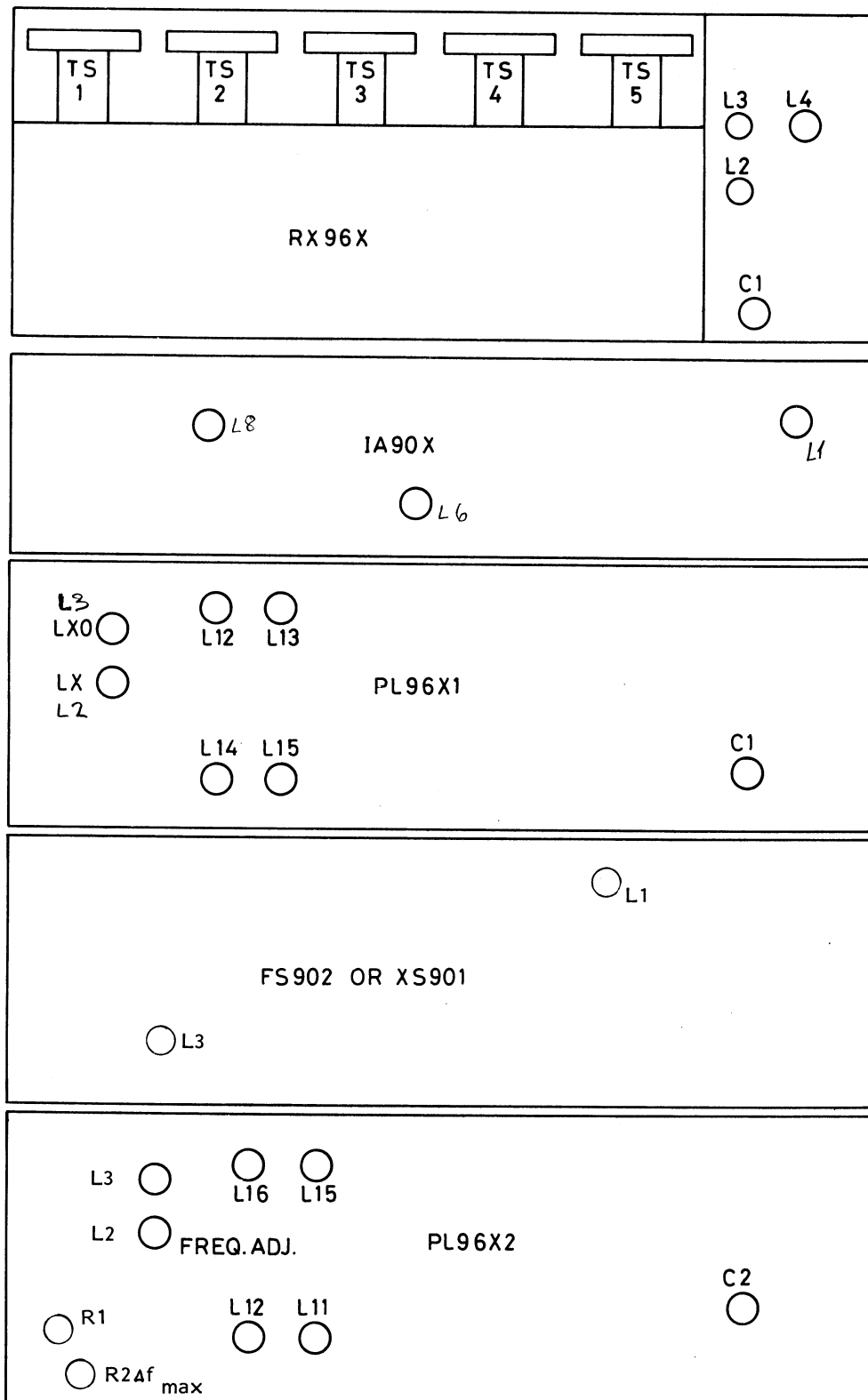


FIG. 2. ADJUSTABLE COMPONENTS

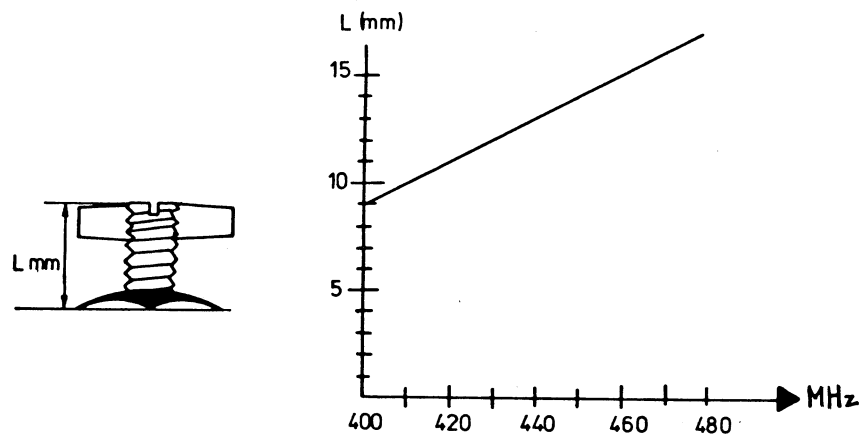


FIG. 3. PRESETTING OF HELIX FILTER

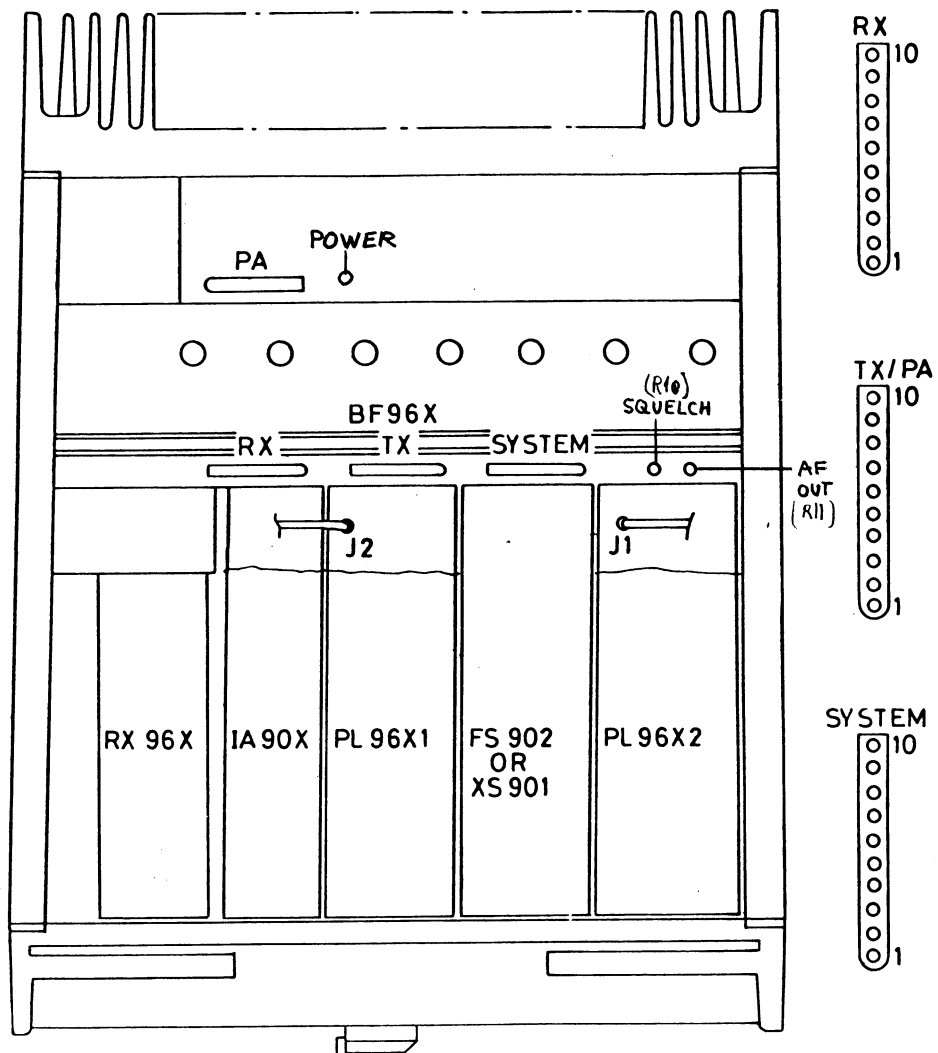
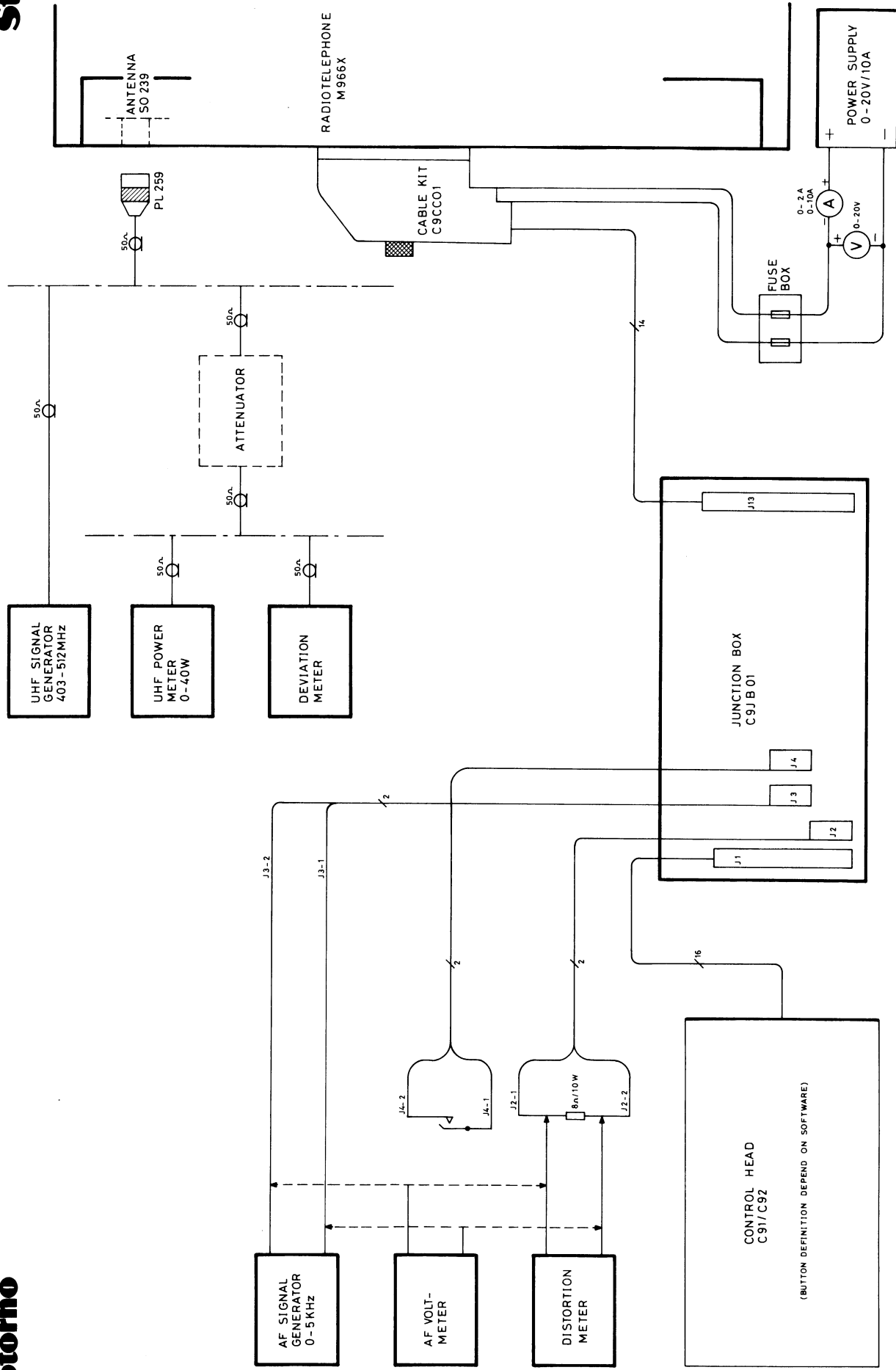
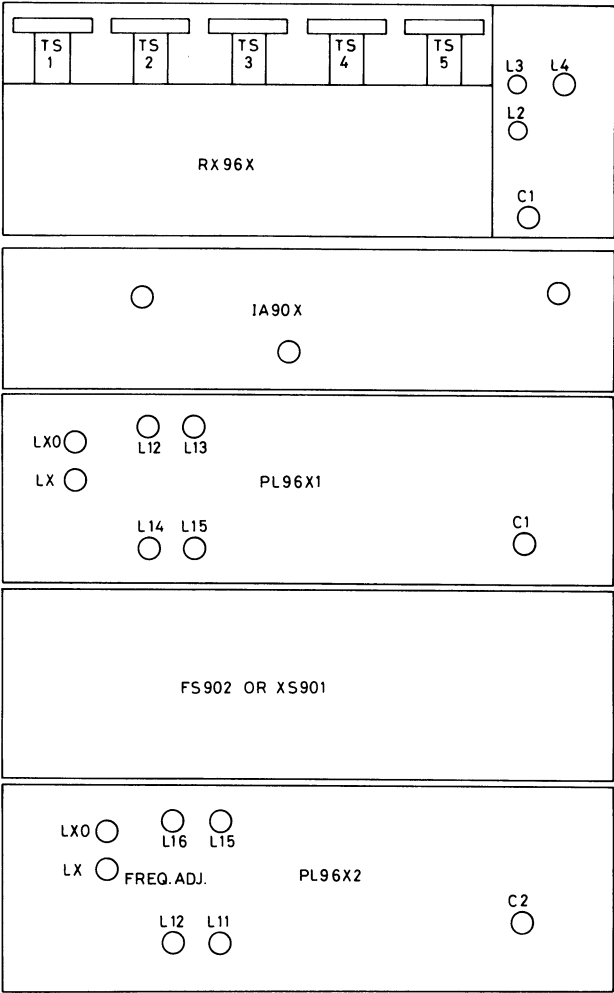


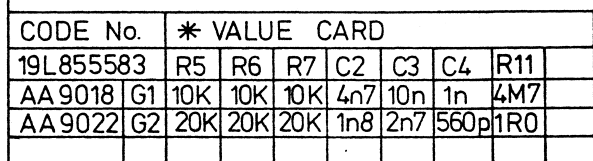
FIG. 4. MODULE LAYOUT AND CENTRAL METERING
POWER AND SQUELCH ADJUSTMENT



TEST SETUP M9660

D402.901



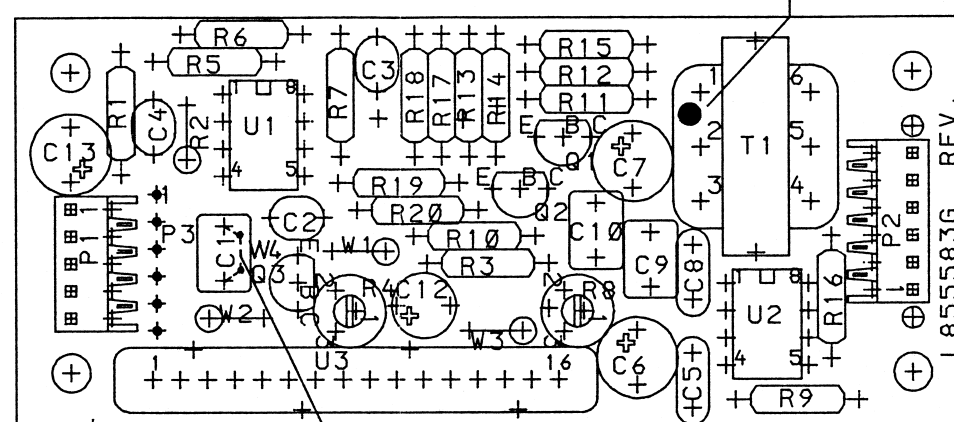


- 1 All resistors are 1/4 watt unless otherwise specified.
Resistor values in Ω unless followed by multiplier k or M.
Capacitor values in F unless followed by multiplier μ , n or p.
Inductance values in H unless followed by multiplier m or μ .
- 2 P3 IS USED TO INTERFACE CHANNEL GUARD EQUIPMENT.
- 3 W1 IS MOUNTED WHEN GATING OF NON-DE-EMPHASIZED ("AF OUT-B") IS TO BE CONTROLLED BY THE "FAST SQ" SIGNAL. W2 AND W3 ARE TO BE USED TOGETHER WITH C69010 (CHANNEL GUARD MODULE).

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		19L855583G1		C	
		MODULE NO		REV. LETTER	
		UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED USE		APPLIED PRACTICES	
				THIRD ANGLE PROJECTION	
		TOLERANCES		SURFACES	
		DECIMALS		ANGLES	
		+		+	
		MATERIAL		FINISH	
		Added G2 PBN 89MAY 10		FIRST ANGLE PROJECTION	
4		AN 4034 HuH 88 NOV 17		9L 38	
3		AN 2906 HuH 87 AUG 24		PRINTS	
2		AN 2447 RTP 86 MAR 05			
1		AN 2332 CE 85MAY 10			
		REVISIONS			
FIRST MADE FOR		F.C.F.O.			
AA 9018		19 L 855583			
APPV	DATE	TITLE		PARTS LIST	
		DIAGRAM		NO	
MADE BY		PBN/MSØ 83.NOV. 29		19 L 855590	
ISSUED		19 AUG 1		CONT ON SHEET E	
		Storno		SH NO. 1	

RED DOT INDICATES TERM.1



ITEM 2

MARK APPLICABLE GROUP
NUMBER AND REVISION LETTER
COLOR BLACK
PER 19A700154P1
FOR LATEST REVISION LETTER
SEE 19K805267

- 1 2 NOTES:
1. SOLDER ALL ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS.
 2. COMPONENT LEADS TO PROTRUDE 1.5 MAX.
BELOW SOLDER SIDE OF BOARD.
3. IN 19L855583G2 THE COMPONENTS C1,Q1,R12,R17
AND W1 ARE OMITTED AND C1 IS REPLACED BY
W4.

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		UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED USE		APPLIED PRACTICES		THIRD ANGLE PROJECTION	
				19A701294			
		TOLERANCES		SURFACES		FIRST ANGLE PROJECTION	
		DECIMALS		ANGLES			
		+		+		9L27 PRINTSTO	
		Added G2 PBN 89 MAY 10 AA9022		MATERIAL		FINISH	
		REC HuH 87 NOV 11					
		1 AN2906 HuH 10-JUN-87					
		REVISIONS					
		FIRST MADE FOR		F.C.F.O.			
		AA9018		INDEX 19J708844			
APPV		DATE		TITLE		PARTSLIST	
PBN		7-86-4		COMPONENT BD., P.W.		ISSUED	
		MADE BY		PBN/JS		19L855583	
		ISSUED		17-AUG-84		Storno	
						CONT ON SHEET F SH NO 1	

